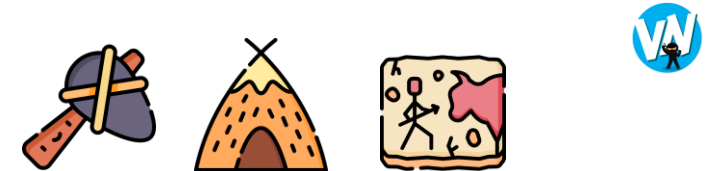


# Pre-history

## KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER



### ESSENTIAL PRE-HISTORY VOCABULARY

Stone Age	A period of British history, split into three different periods of time: Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic
Bronze Age	A period of British history that immediately follows the Stone Age
Iron Age	A period of British history that immediately follows the Bronze Age. Boudicca, her revolt and the Celts were significant within this period.
hunter	A person or animal that hunts.
gatherer	A person who gathers or collects nuts, berries and fruits.
dweller	A person that lives in a specific place.
agriculture	The practice of farming and raising animals for products, e.g. food and wool.
Bell Beaker	Bell Beaker people arrived in Britain during the Bronze Age. They are named after the bell shaped pottery they made.
Boudicca	A female Celtic warrior who was the queen of the Iceni tribe. She led a revolt against the Romans.
tribe	A group of people who are often related through family, culture and language.
Celt	People who lived during the Iron Age. They lived in tribes and each tribe had their own king or queen.
source	Accounts and evidence of the past that help inform and explain about historical events.
Similarities	Features from different periods of history that are either alike or the same as each other.
differences	Features from different periods of history that are not alike or the same as each other.
Significant individual	Somebody who had a meaningful impact on the period of history in which they lived (e.g. Florence Nightingale)

3 million BC – 10,000 BC	10,000 BC – 4,500 BC	4500 BC – 2400 BC	2400 BC – 750 BC	2400BC	750 BC – 43 AD	750 BC – 43 AD	60 AD
Palaeolithic	Mesolithic	Neolithic	Bronze Age	Arrival of Bell Beaker people	Iron Age	Celts	Boudicca's revolt

#### The Stone Age

The Stone Age began 2.7 million years ago when the first dwellers started using stone tools and it lasted until the Bronze Age began. It is broken up into 3 periods: the Palaeolithic Period, Mesolithic Period and Neolithic period.

#### The Bronze Age

The Bronze Age began roughly 4400 years ago, when people first started making tools from Bronze, as well as flint and bone. Bronze is an alloy made by combining tin and copper.

**Fun fact!** Humans used animal skins to clothe themselves and to help them to stay warm.

#### The Iron Age

The Iron Age began roughly 2750 years ago. By 500BC Iron had replaced Bronze as the chosen metal to make weapons and tools. The people living in Britain during the Iron Age are known as Celts. Queen Boudicca was a significant individual during this time period.

**Fun fact!** Celts would often fight naked and painted their bodies with blue patterns (woad) to frighten their enemies

#### The Bell Beaker Culture

The Bell Beaker culture arrived in Britain, from Europe, at the beginning of the Bronze Age. They were named after the bell shaped pottery they made, which were mainly used for drinking from. The pots were decorated with bands of repeating pattern



### MAKING LINKS TO PREVIOUS LEARNING GOLDEN VOCABULARY

Past	Florence Nightingale lived in the <b>past</b> .
Change	Significant events have caused <b>change</b> in the way we live (The Great Fire of London changed how towns were built)
Different	The world was <b>different</b> in the past
chronological order	The time order in which events happened is known as <b>chronological order</b> (e.g James and the Giant Peach)

#### Tools

Stone Age people were very skilled in using flint. At the time, they didn't know about metal or metal-working, so they had to learn how to make tools in other ways. They used very hard stones and created a form of glue using resin and wax to secure their tools and weapons.



#### Queen Boudicca

Boudicca was the wife of King Prasutagus, who was the ruler of the Iceni tribe. They lived in a region of Britain that is now called East Anglia.

In 60AD Boudicca led an attack Against the Romans, along with several other tribes. Her army was called the Britons.

