Year 2 Animals including humans

KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

		×		Basic needs of survival	
ESSENTIAL ANIMALS VOCABULARY		Young Some animals give birth to live young.		Water	Over half of a human body is made up of water. It is an important part of survival
Develop	To grow bigger and become stronger			Food	Something that living things eat to keep them alive. It gives them energy and helps them grow
offspring	The child of an animal		ler k	Air	A living thing takes in oxygen from the air and gives out carbon dioxide.
Live young	Offspring that has not hatched from an egg	Some animals lay eggs which the young hatch from. Both of these types of young then develop into adults. All young animals change as they go through the different stages of their life cycle and grow into adults.		Shelter	People and animals use shelter to protect themselves from their surroundings, to keep them safe
Hatchling	A young animal that has recently hatched from an egg			The Life cycle of a butterfly Butterfly life cycle egg egg larva (caterpillar) pupa (chrysalis)	
Larvae	A young of certain animals that make physical changes before they become an adult.				
Survive	To continue to live or exist				
Oxygen	A colourless gas that animals breathe in.				
Carbon Dioxide	A colourless gas that animals breathe out.	MAKING LINKS TO PREVIOUS LEARNING GOLDEN VOCABULARY			
adult	A fully grown animal or plant	Adult	Young children grow and develop to become an adult		Human Lifecycle
Life cycle	The changes living things go through to become an adult	Life cycle	We can observe the life cycle of a butterfly and talk about the changes that we see		
young	Offspring that has not reached adulthood	young	A child is a young adult human. A kitten is a young cat.		
human	A child or adult, we are one.	human	A human being walks on 2 feet.	<u>*</u>	